APPENDIX 1. MACHINE SHOP RISK ASSESSMENT

This list is not all-inclusive. Not all hazards will apply to a particular machine.	Always refer to the manufacturer's instruction manual for specific information.

Hazard Class	1	2	3	4	5
Power	Low power hand/small bench	Medium power tools	Powerful portable and	Light industrial tools	Large industrial tools
	tools (2-4 amp @ 120 VAC,	(1/4 to 1/2 hp; <10 amp	small benchtop tools	(typically benchtop;	(manual and NC-
	<9V cordless)	@120 VAC; 14-18V	(<1/2 hp; 10-15 amps	>1/2 hp, pneumatics,	controlled)
		cordless; specialized	@ 120 VAC; 24-36V	hydraulics)	
		enclosed NC- computer	portable, pneumatics,		
		tools)	hydraulics)		
Common Examples	Dremel tool	• Jig Saw	 Circular saw 	 Small bandsaw 	 Full sized milling
	Cordless drill under 18V	• Corded devices <1/3 hp	 Hand held belt 	 Small drill press 	machine
	Palm Sander	• 18-24V cordless drill	sander	 Small/benchtop 	• Full sized metal lathe
	 Soldering iron/gun 	 Laser cutter/engraver 	 Framing nailer 	milling machine	 Table saw (non-
	 Heat gun 	 Thermal foam cutter 	• ½ hp geared drill	• Small/benchtop lathe	SawStop)
	 Hot melt glue gun 		 Reciprocating saw 	 Belt/disc sander 	 Radial arm saw
	• 3D printer (closed frame)		 >18V cordless tool 	 Horizontal saw 	 Large drill press
			 Chop/miter saw 	Scroll saw	 Large band saw
			Router	 Sewing machine 	 Surface grinder
			 Mini-lathe 	 Planer/jointer 	 Large jointer/planer
			 Angle grinder 	Bench grinder	 Shaper/moulder
			Small press	SawStop style	 Power shear
				tablesaw	 Industrial press
Potential Injuries	Cuts	As for Class 1, plus:	As for Class 2, plus:	As for Class 3, plus:	As for Class 4, plus:
	Eye injuries	Lacerations	Severe bleeding	Entanglement	Immediately life
	Abrasions Minor burns	Punctures	Minor amputations		threatening injury or
	Minor struck-by flying objects	Minor crushing injuries	Minor entanglement		death
	Electric shock				
Potential Severity	Low:	Medium: First Aid or	High: Immediate emerge	ency room visit;	Highest: Serious injury
	First Aid	minor injury; requiring	Permanent disability of disfigurement		or death
		emergency room visit			

Task	Hazard	Danger Zone	Risk Reduction Methods			
Workpiece clamping	Crushing	Between fixed and moving part including work clamping (chuck or tailstock) and tool magazine	<u>Safeguarding:</u> <i>Guards:</i> Fixed, interlocked, adjustable, moveable <i>Devices:</i> Movable barrier devices; Light			
Whipping bar stock	Crushing	Either end of spindle				
Moving axis	Shearing	Between tool/spindle and table				
Spindle or tool running or cutting	Cutting or severing	At spindle or tool	curtains/beam device; Two-hand operating			
Part feeding	Entanglement	By moving part including bar feed and tool magazine	lever, trip and control device; Safety mat device <i>Awareness:</i> Barriers; Signals; Safety signs <i>Other measures:</i> Safe-distance guarding <u>Equipment:</u> Emergency Stop device (palm or push button)			
Rapid travel of table or spindle head	Drawing in or trapping	Envelope of movement of workpiece on table axes or tool in spindle head				
Moving or rotating tool	Impact	At spindle or tool	Safety blocks, locking pins or limiting pins			
	Stabbing or puncture	At sharp tool faces	Slide locks			
Maintenance or repair	Electrical contact	Direct or indirect contact with normally	Work holding equipment			
	(direct or indirect)	live parts	Process malfunction, detection & monitoring			
	Crushing	Near moving parts	equipment			
	Cutting	Electrical noise	Safety interface/relay modules			
	Trapping	Electrostatic discharge	Shields			
		Arc flash hazard	Enabling devices			
		Improper wiring or grounding	Hold-to-run controls			
		Liquid or wet locations	Measures for isolation and energy dissipation			
		Overvoltage or overcurrent	Information and Training:			
		Insulation failure (vibration or thermal cycling)	Signage Instruction Operating			
Control system failure:	Crushing	Dropping or ejection of a mobile part of	Manuals Safe Work			
Modification of control system	Shearing	the machine or of a workpiece clamped	Procedures Supervision			
Defect or failure of one or several	Cutting	by the machine	Permit-to-work system			
components of the control system	Severing	Failure to stop moving parts	Personal Protective Equipment			
Variation or failure in power	Entanglement	Machine action resulting from defeating				
supply to control system	Trapping	or failure of safeguarding devices				
Inappropriate selection, design or	Impact	Uncontrolled speed change				
location or control devices	Puncture Electrical contact	Unintended or unexpected start-up				

This list is not all-inclusive. Not all hazards will apply to a particular machine. Always refer to the manufacturer's instruction manual for specific information. Based on Yale EH&S Student Shop Safety Policies & Procedures, ANSI B11.0 and B11.6